

POLICE RADIO ENCRYPTION AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT

CITY COUNCIL MEETING

Jeremy Brandenburg, Police Captain

March 1, 2022





Provide City Council with a report on the Police Radio Encryption and Infrastructure Project





- I. Background
- I. Issues with Current Radios and Infrastructure
- III. Importance of Projecting Well Into the Future
- IV. Components of a Viable Solution
- V. Anticipated Fiscal Impact

VI. Questions





In this section

- Reports about public safety interoperability
- Bill that informed public safety of taking of existing frequency band
- Encryption law
- Any legislation and/or reports that required/suggested changes we have not made

Background on Frequency Allocation



- September 11th, 2001, after-action drafted to Congress
- This report highlighted several points of improvement; communication interoperability, during large scale incidents
- Different public safety agencies across the country were operating on different radio spectrum frequencies

Background on Frequency Allocation



- A Radio spectrum is also used by a multitude of different entities (public safety systems, cellular companies, private radio systems)
- This causes frequency availability in metropolitan areas (like San Bruno) to be very low and crowded with traffic
- ▲ The FCC designated part of the 800 MHz spectrum
- Most agencies across the country migrated to 800 MHz systems



- The Police Department currently uses a Land Based Mobile Radio (LMR) System that is licensed through the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) on the 400 MHZ T-Band spectrum
- ▲ The 400 MHZ T-Band spectrum sell off attempts
- Currently "OK" to stay on the T-band spectrum with last congressional bill passed last year
- ▲ Will we still be "OK" in the future?

DOJ Criminal Justice Data



- In October of 2020, the California Department of Justice issued a Mandate noticing all law enforcement agencies regarding the transmission of criminal justice data over unencrypted LMR systems
 - No longer allowed
- CA DOJ understood the potential operational impacts to this change and allowed agencies to draft a plan for becoming compliant
- Most agencies in San Mateo County provided a 3-year implementation date to encrypt their radio systems



- Options other than encryption of the primary radio channel were considered, but are not viable for police operations
- The police department provided a 5-year compliance date, which was accepted by CA DOJ
- If we have until 2025, why now?
 - Lost ability to communicate with agencies
 - Time required for procurement/deployment

What impact to San Bruno?



What does radio Encryption do?

- It prevents anyone without the proper "key" or password to listen to LMR radio traffic
- Allows staff to communicate essential criminal justice data over LMR system to units operating in the field

What impact to San Bruno?



- Staff undertook a project to examine our current radio system based on:
 - Encryption Mandate
 - Experienced LMR Coverage Issues
 - Potential T-Band Legislative Issues



- The police department has a seven sites with radio equipment to assist with our conventional LMR coverage:
 - Sign Hill (South San Francisco)
 - Police Department
 - City Hall
 - Arbor Court
 - El Crystal School
 - Crestmoor High School
 - Skyline College

San Bruno's Current Infrastructure



- To communicate with these different sites, staff uses:
 - Portable radios worn on their person
 - Mobile radios mounted in vehicles



In this section

- Unable to meet legal encryption requirements with current equipment
- In need of required upgrades without this
- Lack of interoperability (local and mutual aid)
- Poor condition of current sites
- Lack of key functions (GPS, etc.)
- Current License issues



- The current equipment (both site equipment and mobile/portable equipment) can not be encrypted as configured
 - Requires additional equipment or complete replacement of equipment

Issues with Current Radios/Infrastructure







- Current system does not provide adequate coverage within the City of San Bruno
 - Southeast corner of the city



No failback coverage options



- As part of mutual aid assistance requests, officers are responding to areas outside of the County of San Mateo
 - Recent deployments
 - Napa Fires
 - Plumas County
 - Santa Cruz County
 - Sonoma County
 - Current mobile and portable radios are not capable of communicating on these local radios systems or the network of California Mutual Aid Channels



A Radio sites were visited

- Several do not have adequate redundant electrical power in the event of a PG&E power interruption
 - This would heavily impact radio coverage
- Two are in buildings that are scheduled for demolition or are not being maintained
- Data connections to radio equipment is inferior to one of the sites, single points on others

Issues with Current Radios/Infrastructure









- ▲ A check of San Bruno's FCC licensing:
 - Current Police primary radio channel's transmission point is registered in the center of Colma
 - Temporary fix about 10 years ago when Century Theater construction block PD local transmitter





In this section

- Problem with continued investment in already outdated technology
- Migration to Long Term Evolution (LTE) for all radio service

FirstNet

- Capability to operate on other systems in the county
- Mutual Aid comms
 - 800 mhz California Mutual Aid System

SAN BRUNO

In this section

- Appropriate day to day LMR Coverage
- Access to all mutual aid channels
- P-25 256 Bit Encryption capable
- Failback communication ability in areas of reduced or no LMR coverage
- Increased communication capabilities
- ▲ GPS Locating of LMR portable radio
- Re-enforced radio sites with redundant electrical power and data connections



- Appropriate day to day LMR Coverage
 - Deploy a LMR solution that has radio coverage in all areas within the City of San Bruno
 - Roaming vs conventional coverage



- Access to all mutual aid channels
 - Deploy a multi-band portable and mobile vehicle radio that can communicate on any public safety radio channel



P-25 256 Bit Encryption capable

- This is the accepted DOJ encryption standard for public safety
- Would allow for other agencies to communicate on our system if provided the encryption key
- Mobile and portable radios that allow for over the air programming
 - Update encryption keys as they change
 - Add radio channels to deployed devices remotely



- Failback communication ability in areas of reduced or no LMR coverage
 - LTE coverage when portable or mobile can not transmit on LMR
 - Allows staff working outside of the city limits to have access to our primary radio (transmit and receive)
 - Deploy in vehicle repeaters to increase LMR building penetration and portable radio coverage in the event a site goes offline



Increased communication capabilities

- Currently one channel available to San Bruno Police operations under conventional LMR
- Digital LMR could allow for additional talk channels on the LMR System
- LTE capability would allow for creation of an unlimited number of additional channels
 - EOC Channels
 - Investigators
 - Multiple operations at once



- GPS Locating of LMR portable radio
 - Current system does not allow for tracking of radio devices
 - In the event of an emergency, a staff members location is only known by them having the ability to provide it verbally
 - This function would allow for immediate location in an emergency



- Re-enforced radio sites with redundant electrical power and data connections
 - Provide two sources of power to each site to provide continued operations in power interruptions
 - Provide second source of data (how the system communicates with each piece of equipment) in the event of data outage

Anticipated Fiscal Impact



In this section

An estimation range of potential solutions



- ▲ Staff has been working to identify all potential cost items for this project. This work continues today.
- This requires the coordination of several different vendors and coverage studies
- Current projected project cost to address all deficient areas of our current system is \$3-5 million dollars in one-time expenditures
- Additional ongoing yearly licensing is projected to be \$150,000 - \$250,000



- \$700,000 in one-time excess PD revenues available to be allocated
- ▲ \$250,000 \$500,000 in consulting fees saved
- No government funding source available
 - Staff continuing to monitor for available grants





